

Tools to facilitate the use of Soil Maps in Emilia-Romagna region (Italy)

Paola Tarocco





Soil maps Vs Thematic maps

Soil maps are not easy to manage. Legends are usually based on soil classifications (e.g. Soil Taxonomy, W.R.B., local classifications) understandable by a limited number of users (mostly soil scientists).

- Strategy n. 1- Translation of soil maps to more comprehensible documents (thematic maps).
- Strategy n. 2 – Easing the use of soil maps for users.
- Means: use of interactive soil websites.



Soil websites Vs printed maps

ERMES agricOLTURA

EMIRO ti augura buona navigazione

CATALOGO REGIONALE DEI TIPI DI SUOLO DELLA PIANURA EMILIANO-ROMAGNOLA

Il Catalogo è un inventario dei principali caratteri chimico-fisici e delle più importanti qualità dei suoli, che fornisce strumenti e informazioni utili alla gestione agricola ed ambientale, sulla base delle migliori pratiche.

La navigazione può seguire 3 percorsi:

- riconoscimento del suolo aziendale, calcolo dei piani di concimazione, di irrigazione o di utilizzazione (gestione) di reflui zootecnici e fanghi
- consultazione di **carte applicative**, schemi di valutazione e guide validate da esperti
- accesso diretto alle **schede informative** dei 183 suoli della pianura regionale

SUOLO AZIENDALE

CARTE APPLICATIVE

ELENCO SUOLI

Fine

Internet

100%



Soil websites in Emilia-Romagna /1

Over the years, the Web sites on soils have become **three**, based on different technologies and addressed to different users.

Site name	The soils of Emilia-Romagna on Google Earth	Soil maps of Emilia-Romagna region	Soil Inventory of Emilia-Romagna
Short name	CARTPEDO	WEBGIS	CATALOGO
Link	http://geo.regione.emilia-romagna.it/cartpedo/	http://ambiente.regione.emilia-romagna.it/geologia/cartografia/webgis-banchedati/webgis-suoli	https://agri.regione.emilia-romagna.it/Suoli/
Homepage			
Owner	Geological, Seismic and Soil Survey	Geological, Seismic and Soil Survey	Informative-Informatic Agricultural System Service
Data Usability	Viewing and querying soil maps at different scales. All the derived thematic maps. Soil Inventory.	Viewing and querying 50k soil map and some derived thematic maps by an integrated approach. Geological maps, land use maps, Extension Service soil analyses, heavy metal analyses, shallow water table measurement sites are also available.	Plot drawing, soil identification, fertilization plan calculation. Extension Service soil analyses. Water table measurement sites.
Download	NO	YES	NO



Soil websites in Emilia-Romagna /2

The three websites are based on the **same geodatabase** and share the **same approach** of data usage.

- use of polygons (**delineations**) of the 50k soil map as individual objects;
- soils within a delineation are described on the basis of their localization and percentage distribution;
- every soil, identified by a code and a name, is linked to a **benchmark local site** summarizing the main chemical and physical characters;
- use of an **identification tool (wizard)** of soil types inside a single delineation on the basis of a series of questions and answers (1 to 6 steps);
- use of **extension service soil analyses** (about 40,000) to identify soils and to input soil data necessary for the calculation of fertilization plans.



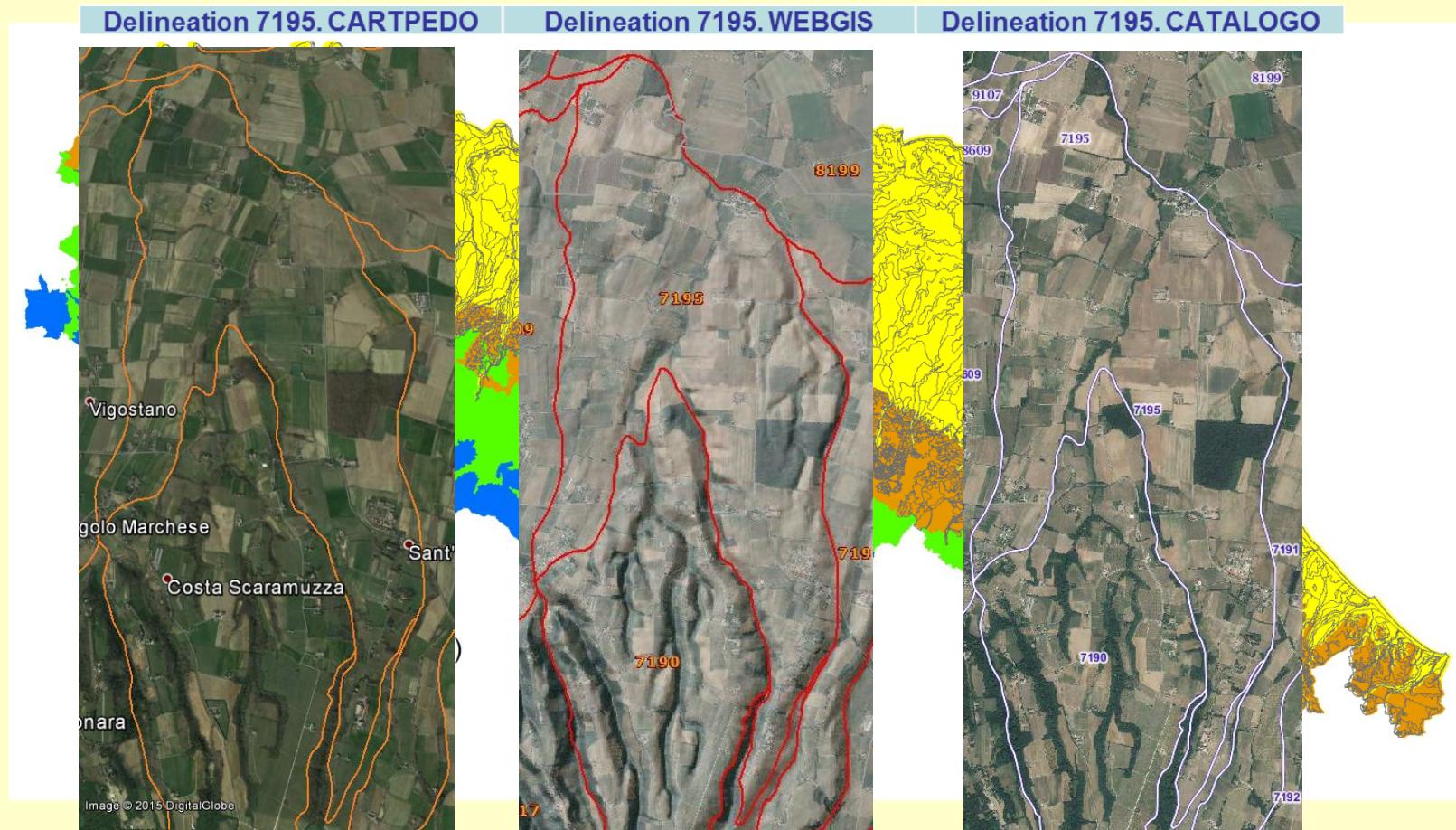
Soil description in single delineations. Why?

- The first website was directed to users (stakeholders) from the agricultural sector: farmers, agricultural extension and advisory services, and farm offices.
- This kind of users is usually interested to locate soil maps in their area regarding their own cultivated fields.
- Mapping at scale 1: 50.000 was chosen because it was considered acceptable implementation time, but this type of map is not suitable for site-specific analysis.
- From the beginning, to overcome this problem, the soil map was produced by the soil map not by Mapping Units (as usual), but by single delineations (delineations), uniquely identified and described, which made easier to identify locally present soils.
- In the oldest website at most three soils had been described for each delineation to simplify the use for each delineation. They were given descriptive names (e.g. Cataldi), prioritizing them instead of soil classification. Over the years, users have become familiar with these names, which are commonly used by many stakeholders.



Soil polygons (delineations) of 50k Soil map

- Soil Map at 1:50.000 scale (2014 edition) covers the whole plain, 82% of the hills and a small part of the mountains.
- Each polygon (delineation) of the soil map is identified by a **numerical ID** and it has a specific and unique soil component (soil type, %, distribution). N. **6294** soil polygons are delineated in this map.





Soil description

The description of each polygon is not possible using a Mapping types (Soil Typological Units).

At present **389 Soil Typological Units** (210 in the plain, 144 in the hills) of these soils are widespread; others are rare and they are few. Each soil is described, at least, that is representative of soil.

DELINAEZIONI CARTA DEI SUOLI 1: 50.000

ID delin	Tipo	Data Agg.
7195	rilevata e descritta singolarmente	09/12/2000
Lotto UC	Cod UC	Sigla UC
A9005	0145	CTD1

I Cittadella non presentano incremento di argilla in

Geomorfologia

ripiani su terrazzi con superficie ondulata

Suoli presenti

Archivio	Suolo	Nome Suolo	R
F5003	CTD1	CITTADELLA franco limosi, 1-5% pendenti	Oss
F5008	RIV1	RIVERGARO franco limosi	Oss rapp

CITTADELLA franco limosi, 1-5% pendenti

Descrizione introduttiva

I suoli CITTADELLA franco limosi, 1-5% pendenti sono molto profondi e non calcarei; sono da debolmente acidi a debolmente alcalini ed a tessitura franca limosa nella parte superiore; nella parte inferiore sono presenti strati a tessitura franca limosa da molto fortemente a moderatamente acidi ed a tessitura franca limosa o franca argillosa limosa, da neutri a debolmente alcalini. È presente ghiaia alterata oltre i 150 cm di profondità. Il substrato è costituito da alluvioni ghiaioso-sabbiose calcaree.

I suoli CITTADELLA franco limosi, 1-5% pendenti sono in parti sommitali e di versante alto di conoidi molto antiche della piana pedemontana. In queste terre la pendenza varia dall'1 al 5%. La densità di urbanizzazione è elevata. L'uso del suolo è a seminativo semplice e prati poliennali; rari i boschi di latifoglie.

Classificazione Soil Taxonomy

(2010) Aquic Paleustals fine silty, mixed, superactive, mesic

Classificazione WRB

(2007) Cutanic Stagnic Luvisols

Profilo rappresentativo

Orizzonti genetici del suolo (valori modali)														
N°	OrizGen	ProfLimSup	Spes	Arg	Sab	% Schel	S.O.	CalcTot	pH	Ksat	BD	Concentrazioni	% Conc	Qualità
1	A(p)	0	50	20	15	0	1.5	0	6.5	0.0714	1.52	noduli di ferro e manganese		bassa
2	(B)E(B)	50	40	15	17	0	1.7	0	4.5	0.08052	1.57	noduli di ferro e manganese		bassa
3	Bt(g)	50	70	23	10	0	0.2	0	7.2	0.02489	1.6	noduli di ferro e manganese	5	bassa
4	B(t)c	90	10	28	10	0	0.2	0	7.9	0.01464	1.59	noduli di ferro e manganese	50	bassa
5	2B(g)tb	100		40	7	0	0.2	0	7.3	0.00317	1.57	noduli di ferro e manganese	5	media

Qualità specifiche	
Parametro	Valore
Calcare attivo entro 80 cm	0 %
Capacità di scambio cationico nello strato superficiale	>10 meq/100g
Salinità strato 0-50 cm	non salino (Ece < 2 dS/m)
Salinità strato 50-100 cm	non salino (Ece < 2 dS/m)
Sodicità entro 60 cm (ESP)	da 0 a 6
Sodicità entro 120 cm (ESP)	da 0 a 7
Disponibilità di ossigeno	moderata
Rischio di incrostamento superficiale	forte
Fessurabilità	bassa



Benchmark local sites /1

Every soil in every polygon has been linked to an analyzed site that has been surveyed in the same polygon or in adjacent ones. The choice of these sites (**benchmark sites**) accounts of the local variability.

For this purpose, **2869** observation sites (profiles and auger holes) with these analytical data, at least to a depth of **100 cm** have been selected:

- **sand, silt and clay;**
- **pH**
- **organic carbon**
- **total calcium carbonate**

For each site, on average n. 4 samples are available from the surface to a medium depth of 145 cm. The depth ranges from **30 cm** (skeletal soils or soils with lithic or paralithic contact within 100 cm) to **500 cm** (strongly weathered soils). Benchmark sites can be used for many applications, such as:

- Soil Type Identification;
- Input data for irrigation projects;
- Input data for Water Balance Models (e.g. MACRO, PELMO);
- Input data for fertilization models;
- Input data for Risk Assessment Models for contaminated sites (e.g. ASTM E2081).
- Building of derived maps as Land Capability Map or Permeability Map.



Benchmark local sites /2

PARAMETRI ANALITICI/STIMA DEL SITO DI RIFERIMENTO

		DELINAEZIONE N. 7195, SUOLO: CTD1												METADATI									
		ORIZZONTI DEL SITO				CAMPIONE				ANALISI								Analisi fisiche					
SITO	N. oriz.	Discount	Orizzonte	Sulfat	Sulfum	min cm	max cm	Schel. %	N. camp	min cm	max cm	Sabbia	Limo	Argilla	Classe	pH-H2O	C.org.	Sost.org.	Calc.Tot.	Calc.Att.	C.S.C.	Dens.App.	KSat
516	1		A	p		0	50	0	1	0	50	34	51	15	FL	6,5	0,29	0,5	1	1		1,53	0,287
516	2		B	t		50	90	0	1	50	90	31	46	23	F	7,2	0,58	1	0	0,3		1,61	0,076
516	3		B	tg		90	120	0	1	90	120	28	48	24	F	7,5	0,29	0,5	1	0,4		1,63	0,047
516	4		B	tc		120	140	0	1	120	140	36	41	23	F	7,9	0,232	0,4	0	0,6		1,61	0,11

METADATI DEI PARAMETRI ANALITICI/STIMA

		DELINAEZIONE N. 7195, SUOLO: CTD1												METADATI								
		ORIZZONTI DEL SITO				CAMPIONE				ANALISI								Analisi fisiche				
SITO	N. oriz.	Discount	Orizzonte	Sulfat	Sulfum	min cm	max cm	Schel. %	N. camp	min cm	max cm	Sabbia	Limo	Argilla	pH-H2O	C.org.	Sost.org.	Calc.Tot.	Calc.Att.	C.S.C.	Dens.App.	KSat
516	1		A	p		0	50	0	1	0	50	93	93	93	110	87	80	79			1298	1094
516	2		B	t		50	90	0	1	50	90	93	93	93	110	87	80	79			1299	1094
516	3		B	tg		90	120															
516	4		B	tc		120	140															

Codice	Descrizione
A	strato di suolo alterato superficiale. Quando c'e' il suffisso b vuol dire che e' sepolto

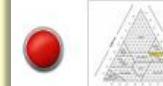
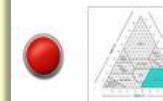
Archivio	Suolo	Nome Suolo	Rai
----------	-------	------------	-----

Metodo	Attributo	Metodo misura/stima	Unità di misura	Bibliografia	tativo	nella delineazione
93	SABBIA_LIMO_ARGILLA	Granulometria: densimetro (Bouycous)	g/kg-1	MiPAF, ONP - METODI UFFICIALI DI ANALISI CHIMICA DEL SUOLO. 2000. Metodo II.6		nella delineazione



Tool for identifying different Soil Types (WIZARD) /1

- This tool works by following a **dichotomous path**: the users must choose between different options until a single result. **88 groups of soils** mapped.
- A number of the basic soil types are mapped.



Suolo CITTADELLA franca limosa, 1-5% pendente (CTD1). Delineazione 7195

Descrizione introduttiva

I suoli Cittadella franco limosi, 1-5% pendenti sono molto profondi e non calcarei; sono da debolmente acidi a debolmente alcalini ed a tessitura franca limosa nella parte superiore; nella parte inferiore sono presenti strati a tessitura franca limosa da molto fortemente a moderatamente acidi ed a tessitura franca limosa o franca argillosa limosa, da neutri a debolmente alcalini. È presente ghiaia alterata oltre i 150 cm di profondità. Il substrato è costituito da alluvioni ghiaioso-sabbiose calcaree.

Localizzazione nella delineazione

distribuzione omogenea

VALORI MEDI analisi chimico-fisiche dei suoli CTD1 nella delineazione (scelta consigliata)

N. campioni	Sabbia %	Argilla %	pH	Calc. tot. %	Calc. attivo %	
4	15,8	17	5,9	0	0	Concimazione

Analisi chimico-fisiche del sito rappresentativo dei suoli CTD1 nella delineazione

ID Sito	Sabbia %	Argilla %	pH	Calc. tot. %	Calc. attivo %	
516	34	15	6,5	1	1	Concimazione

Tabella dati da elaborazioni geostatistiche

Sost. organica %	N totale %	P2O5 ass. mg/Kg	K2O ass. mg/kg
1,6	1,1	27	123

Indietro **Analisi sito** **Scheda suolo**



Tool for identifying different Soil Types (WIZARD) /2

19 parameters, displayed as questions, can be used to make the choices. Each parameter corresponds to a **set of values (2 to 32)** and each value corresponds to an answer.

PARAMETER	QUESTION
DRAINAGE	How is the soil drainage?
TOPSOIL CALCIUM CARBONATE	What is the amount of topsoil calcium carbonate?
SHRINK-SWELL BEHAVIOUR	What is the natural tendency to cracking in dry periods?
PEAT LAYERS	Are there peat layers? How deep are they?
FLOODING RISK	What is the flooding risk?
CALCIUM CARBONATE CONCRETION PRESENCE	Are there calcium carbonate concretions? How deep are they?
SLOPE	What is the average gradient of slopes?
ELEVATION	What is the main elevation above mean sea level?
TOPSOIL TEXTURE CLASS	What is the texture class (USDA triangle) of topsoil?
SKELETON CONTENT	What is the rock fragment content?
LAND USE	What is the main land use?
SUBSOIL TEXTURE	What is the content of sand or clay (determined through the manipulation of a subsoil sample)?
TOPSOIL COLOR	What is the color of topsoil?
CALCIUM CARBONATE TREND	What is the trend in the percentage of calcium carbonate in depth?
LANDSCAPE POSITION	What is the landscape position of soils?
BEDROCK DEPTH	How deep is bedrock (lithic or paralithic layer)?
SALINITY	Are there layers with high salinity content?
TYPICAL SOIL COLOUR	What is the typical colour of soil?
ALLUVIAL PARENT MATERIAL	How deep is the unaltered alluvial parent material?



Tool for identifying different Soil Types (WIZARD) /3

PARAM. 1	VALUE	STU	PARAM. 2	VALUE	STU	PARAM. 3	VALUE	STU	
LANDSCAPE POSITION	Top surfaces	CTD1	TOPSOIL TEXTURE CLASS	Silty clay	CAT1	TOPSOIL CALCIUM CARBONATE	0%	CTD1	
		RIV1			CAT2			RIV1	
		ARC2			CBE1			ARC2	
	Slopes	CBE1		Loam	CDV2		MCA1	MCA1	
		ARC1			CPL1			TAV	
		CAT1			MCA1			ARC1	
		CPL1			TAV			ARC2	
	Upper slopes	RIR1		Clay loam	RIV1		CBE1	CBE1	
		CTD2			TAV			CDV2	
		MCA1			ARC1			CBE1	
		TAV			ARC2			CDV2	
		ARC2			CAT1			CAT1	
	Lower slopes	CAT2			CAT2		CAT2	CAT2	
		CBE1			CDV2			RIR1	
		CDV2			Silt loam			CBE1	
		CTD2			CTD2			CDV2	
	Medium slopes	TAV		Sandy loam	RIR1		CPL1	CPL1	
PARAM. 4	VALUE	STU	PARAM. 5	VALUE	STU	CALCIUM CARBONATE CONCRETION PRESENCE			
CALCIUM CARBONATE CONCRETION PRESENCE	Missing	CTD1	SUBSOIL TEXTURE	Clay >35%	RIV1				
		RIV1			TAV				
		CTD2			ARC1				
		MCA1			ARC2				
		TAV			CAT1				
		ARC1			CAT2				
		ARC2			CDV2				
		RIR1			CTD1				
	everywhere > 50 cm	CDV2		Clay <35% and Sand <50%	CTD2				
		CPL1			MCA1				
	> 80 cm	CAT1			CPL1				
		CAT2			Clay>50%				
		CBE1			Sand >50%				

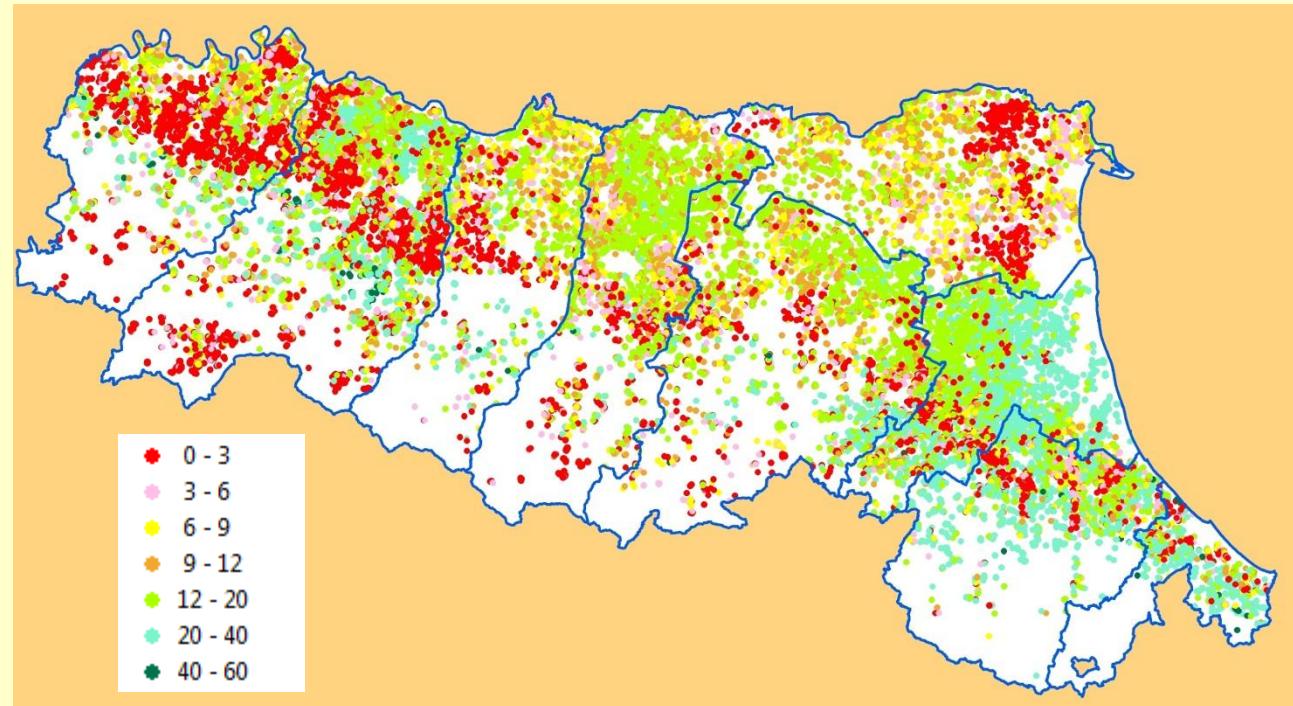
For each soil group from 1 to 6 parameters have been assigned to differentiate soil types.
Example on GROUP 32.



Use of Extension Service Soil Analyses

These data are **routine chemical-physical analyses** (sand, silt, clay, pH, total carbonate, active carbonate, organic matter, available K, available P, total N) of about **40,000** soil samples (mostly on superficial horizons). They can be used in different ways:

- Identification of a soil type;
- Input soil data necessary for the calculation of fertilization plans;
- Geostatistical processings.





Use of Extension Service Soil Analyses. Identification of Soil Type



Campioni Analisi Terreni	ID Sito SACT	58602
	Precisione localizzazione	localizzato su C.T.R. 1:25.000 e digitalizzato a video
58602	Data campionamento	12 August 2002 01:00:00
58603	Profondità campione	superficiale
Carta Suoli 1:50.000	Profondità min (cm)	0
257	Profondità max (cm)	50
	Sabbia (%)	49
	Limo (%)	32
	Argilla (%)	19
	Classe argilla	argilla 19% - 27%
	pH	7.7
	Calcare totale (%)	12
	Calcare attivo (%)	3
	Sostanza organica (%)	1.3
	K2O assimil. (ppm)	190
	P2O5 assimil. (ppm)	32
	N totale %	0.9
	Tipo campione	Composito
	Sigla suolo	VIL2
	Nome suolo	VILLALTA franca
	Note illustrative	Apri link



Use of Extension Service Soil Analyses. Input data for fertilization plans

The user has the chance to get its own soil analytical data or take advantage of the ones already available in the system. After selecting the type of soil, the user can exploit the **medium values** inside the delineation of these plans.

Saranno utilizzati i seguenti dati, ma puoi cambiarli qui se lo ritieni necessario.

Azienda:	<input type="text"/>	Appezzamento:	<input type="text"/>	Data:	27/05/2015 <input type="button" value=""/>
Sabbia:	15,75 %	Argilla:	17 %	Limo:	67,25 %
pH:				Classe:	Franco limoso
Calcare totale:	5,9	Giudizio:			Acido
Calcare attivo:	0 %	Giudizio:			Non calcareo
Sostanza organica:	0 %	Giudizio:			Basso
Fosforo assimilabile: P2O5	1,55 %	Giudizio:			Basso
Potassio assimilabile: K2O	31 mg/Kg	Giudizio:			Medio
Azoto totale:	159 mg/Kg	Giudizio:			Medio
Rapporto C/N:	1,1 %	Giudizio:			Medio
Disp. ossigeno:	8,17	Giudizio:			Basso
	Moderata <input type="button" value=""/>				

Catalogo dei Suoli

Analisi chimico-fisiche del terreno

Indietro **Accetta**



Thematic maps

2 different approaches have been followed to building thematic maps:

Geostatistical meth

layers, with cells
Organic Carbon
salinity. This method
shows a *single soil*

Maps derived from
of the soil perce
e.g. land capabi
This method ha
complex soil pro
building some of
used.

Soil maps and derived thematic maps					
MAPS	Update year	Brief description	Google Earth website	WEB GIS website	Download
Soil maps					
1:250k Regional Soil Map	1994	This map describes soils and their geographical distribution in the Emilia-Romagna region at 1:250k scale.			
1:50k Soil map (alluvial plain and hills)	2014	This map describes soils and their geographical distribution in the alluvial plain and in hilly areas of the Appennines at 1:50k scale. Each polygon (delineation) of the soil map is identified by a numerical ID and it has a specific and unique soil component (soil type, %, distribution). N. 6294 soil polygons (1926 in the plain, 4219 in the hills and 149 in the mountains) are delineated in the map. Medium area is 597 ha in the plain, 76 ha in the hills and 60 ha in the mountains. Polygons with similar soil distribution form a Soil Mapping Unit (630 SMUs are described). N. 389 soil types (210 in the plain, 144 in the hills and 35 in the mountains) are identified and they are classified according to Soil Taxonomy (2010) and WRB (1998, 2007).			
Benchmark local sites of the soils in the plain and in the hills	2014	A benchmark local site is linked to every soil type in every polygon of the 1:50k soil map: users can view and download chemical and physical analyses (sand, silt, clay, pH, organic carbon, total carbonate, bulk density and Ksat).			



Highlight



What the

Sections

- ▶ Archaeol
- ▶ Water re
- ▶ The coas
- ▶ Land ins
- ▶ Geology
- ▶ Geotherm
- ▶ Geologic
- ▶ European
- ▶ Seismic
- ▶ Soil
- ▶ 2015 soi
- ▶ Soil the
- ▶ Benc
- ▶ Emili
- ▶ Heavy m
- ▶ Soil and
- ▶ Subsidi
- ▶ Cartogra



Thanks for your attention!

<http://ambiente.regione.emilia-romagna.it/geologia-en/temi/suoli>

